



## Pycnoporus sanguineus GROWTH IN DIFFERENT SOLID MEDIA

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Introduction. Pycnoporus fungus is white-rot basidiomycete, it causes a selective removal of lignin from wood and has a high potential biotechnological for processes (1). sanguineus Pycnoporus has different biological activities: antiviral, antibacterial and treatment of several illnesses and skin lesions (2). This fungus produces secondary metabolites such as: cinnabarine, cinnabarinic acid, poliporin, tramesanguine, among others (3). The aim of this study was to determinate the growth of Pycnoporus sanguineus in different solid media.

**Material and Methods.** Two strains of *P. sanguineus* were tested: H1 and H2; first were collected in Villa Guerrero, Estado de Mexico and second in Parácuaro, Michoacán. The fungi were isolated from decay trees of casuarine (*Casuarina equisetifolia* L.) and mango (Mangifera caesia W.), respectively. The fungi were isolated and inoculated in solid media: papa dextrose agar (PDA), malt extract agar (MEA), entire wheat meal agar (EWMA), casuarine extract agar (CEA) and mango extract agar (mEA) at different pH (7.0, 8.0 and 9.0). All petri dishes were inoculated and monitored daily. Colony diameter (mm) was measured in both strains.

**Results.** At the thirteenth day both isolates reached 80 mm in growth (diameter). According to Table 1 Duncan's mean comparison showed that both isolates had affinity to their respective extract agars (CEA in case of H1 and mEA in H2) and they were statistically different respect to the other solid media. MEA was the medium with less growth. At pH 7.0 the strains presented the fastest growth. These behavior could be similar to the original extract pH, then the pH adjust could be omitted.

Table 1. Pycnoporus sanguineus strains growth (13 d) in	
different solid media and pH level.	

Factor	l evel	N	Colonial gr	rowth (mm)
	Level		H1	H2
	PDA	15	59.66 ± 6.93 <sup>c</sup>	55.00±10.47 <sup>c</sup>
Medium	MEA	15	$33.53 \pm 3.39^{d}$	24.86 ± 5.73 <sup>d</sup>
wealum	EWMA	15	69.66 ± 1.29 <sup>b</sup>	$58.00 \pm 8.20$ <sup>b</sup>
	CEA/mEA	15	$79.60 \pm 1.12^{a}$	79.86 ± 0.51 <sup>a</sup>
рН	7.0	20	$62.55 \pm 16.8^{a}$	60.25 ±19.68 <sup>a</sup>
	8.0	20	58.20 ±18.67 <sup>b</sup>	52.10 ±22.73 <sup>b</sup>
	9.0	20	61.05±18.26 <sup>a</sup>	50.95± 20.18 <sup>b</sup>

Different letters in columns present significant differences between treatments (Duncan, p<0.05, n=5).

In other study, the growth was monitored for 20 days and an exponential model was obtained for PDA with similar results as this study (4). Metabolites (red pigment) produced by these fungi could be used as antimicrobial or antifungal compound.

**Conclusions.** Total growth in solid media for *Pycnoporus sanguineus* strains (H1 and H2) were 13 days in both cases; casuarine and mango extracts, showing affinity for the woods where they were isolated and a neutral pH.

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